SUCCESS OF THE FIRST SUNDAY OPENING

ORDERLY THRONGS OF PLEASED WORKING MEN AND WOMEN-THE NUMBER OF VISITORS

ESTIMATED AT TEN THOUSAND. The opening of the Metropolitan Museum of Art yesterday was a success from every point of view. For the first time in the history of New-York's temple of art, visitors were admitted to its galleries on Sunday. It will not be the last time, however. Indeed, it is probable that the doors will not be closed again on the first day of the week. A class of people took advantage of the privilege of viewing its treasures who will make netter and higher-minded citizens for the lessons which they learned there. The people with luncheon baskets, handbags and bundles who had been expected did not clamor for admission at the doors. The rooms were not uncomfortably crewded. The swarms of people who have made life miserable for the attendants on certain holidays were absent. Of the thousands of people who, for the most part, walked leisurely and studiously from room to room and gallery to gallery, the majority represented the working classes. There were carpenters, blacksmiths, machinists, farmers, tailors, day laborers and clerks, who slave from Monday morning to Saturday night, men and women who wish to learn of and see things which heretofore have been to them "Bohemian villages.

There were of course odd-looking creatures to be seen here and there. There were patterns of dress not to be found on the fashion plates of the last decade. There were some whose glory of apparel would have aroused no envy in the breasts of a Brummell or Chevalier Monde. There were people whose dazed expression showed that they had never looked upon a work of art before; who had taken their artistic schooling from "advertisement" rocks or the illustrated papers common to barber shops. There were people who ex pected to find canvas-covered curiosities and the freaks which are the drawing-cards of the dime museums. There were people who asked surprising questions and were disappointed at surprising answers. But such people form a contingent in every crowd, however respectable. Their presence was not a surprise. The majority of the visiters were quiet and respectable people who could attend the Museum on no other day and whose presence proved the wisdom of opening the Museum on Sunday.

In accordance with the resolution passed re cently by the trustees, the doors of the Museum were opened at 1 o'clock. Long before that hour, however, small crowds of people had gathered in front of the southern facade anxiously awaiting the signal to enter. These crowds were made up, for the most part, of men who, apparently, were on the lists of subscribers to some newspapers and had read the announcements of the trustees and the director. About one out of twelve of the first arrivals was a woman. In order to accommodate the large influx of visitors, the trustees had provided three places of entrance and exit, at the basement doors on the east and west sides of the galleries, and at the ordinary entrance on the southern facade. An extra force of ten policemen had been stationed in various parts of the house. There were no additional guides. General L. P. di Cesnola, the director, was in the Museum the greater part of the day, and Professors Story; Hall and Paine walked about the galleries until they were closed at 7 o'clock. Charles S. Smith, W. L. Andrews, F. W. Rhinelander and several other trustees, interested in the results of the experiment, also spent several hours in the place. They were not disappointed; they were only surprised at the orderliness of the crowds.

One half hour after the doors had been opened, more than 1,000 people strolled about in the various rooms. At 3 o'clock, five or six times that number had been registered. During the afternoon it was estimated that 10,000 people visited the Museum. On holidays there have been 15.000 people within its walls. As it was, however, the checks for the canes and umbrellas were unfortunately not sufficiently numerous to go around, and people could be seen with those appendages in dangerous proximity to paintings and statues. Other checks should be supplied.

Hundreds of people who had not heard of the opening of the Museum had been drawn to the Park by the beautiful weather. When they passed the big building and saw its doors open, they, too, took advantage of the privilege. With these people came the majority of the children and the majority of the queerly clad persons who excited the enthusiasm and zeal of the amateur photogra-

"Where is the stuffed Crowley?" asked one of these after crossing the threshold of the Museum. "He is further down the street," replied the respectful attendant, and the woman turned her back to the treasures of art. She was disap-

Another woman gazed for some minutes in silent wonder at the portrait of Miss Catherine Wolfe. Then turning the pages of the catalogue, she saw the name of Miss Wolfe a number of times. That filled her with admiration for the subject of the portrait. She wished to know something particular about her life. She was bashful, however, and seemed uncertain. Finally she aummone enough courage to speak to an attendant. "How long," timidly came the question, "did

it take Miss Wolfe to paint all of these pictures? For a moment a smile hovered about the lips of the attendant. He was on the point of answering "from his superior point of view." earnest look upon the poor woman's face led him to hesitate. The incipient smile departed from his "Six months, madam," he replied and

The large paintings, the battle scenes, the

beroic pieces of statuary, the swords and the architectural models were the principal drawing cards to the multitude. The large painting of Columbus in one of the eastern galleries excited the interest of those who had read bits of history. "The Horse Fair" attracted numbers of people Dozens of persons at a time stood before Detaille's "The Defence of Champigny," Meissonier's "Friedland," which stands opposite it in the gallery, was not so much of a favorite. It was the general opinion of the officers of the Museum that the trustees had not made a missonie that the trustees and not made a missonie trustees. take in opening the doors on Sunday. Professor Story, curator of the Department of Painting, ex-pressed pleasure at the result of the experiment-lie looked upon the people as belonging to a better class than those who usually visit the galleries on holidays. Professor Hall was of the same opinion. No one was more interested in the results of the resolution of the trustees than Moneure D. Con-way. With his daughter, Miss Conway, he re-mained the entire afternoon in the galway. With his daughter, Miss Conway, he remained the entire afternoon in the galleries. Miss Conway secured many signatures
for the petitions asking for the opening of the Museum, and was especially
glad that her predictions had been fulfilled. It
was the belief of all persons with whom a Tribune
reporter talked thet the Museum will be opened
hereafter every Sunday, and that the working
masses will now have an opportunity to cultivate
a taste for art.

Do you require a house, a farm or a cook, or a "sure thing" in business, or a situation, or anything else? If you do, you should watch the little adver-tisements that appear daily in The Tribune.

HE ASSAULTED HIS FATHER AND MOTHER. The police of Elizabeth, N. J., were called to the home of Herman Blazier, No. 35 Pine-st., last evening who is charged with the murder of Thomas Wilson. They found that Joseph Bonostrup, a Pole, had brutally assaulted his father and mother, aged people. who live on the floor above the Blazier family Bonostrup was arrested. He was covered with blood, which flowed from wounds in his face and head. He said he had been shot.

HE KICKED HIS BARY FATALLY.

Daniel McCarthy, twenty-eight years old, of No. 221

East Twenty-first-st., is safely lodged behind prison
bars in the Eighteenth Precinct Police Station. He is charged with having brutally kicked his six-weeks-old The child is in Bellevue Hospital, and the doctors have given up all hope for its recovery. On Satorday night McCarthy was drunk and quarrelled with had the child in her arms at the time. The man folicd his wife to the floor and aimed a kick at her. Instead of the woman receiving the blow, the child did,

THE ART MUSEUM CROWDED, and then the husband seized his wife by the hair and dragged her around the room. Before the police arrived the ruffian escaped. Yesterday morning the mother brought the child to Bellevue Hospital, and Warden O'Rourke told the police. Last night the brutal father staggered into his apartments and he was made a prisoner. He resisted, but was soon brought to submission. He took the matter coulty, and did not seem to regret what he had done. The mother is almost heartbroken over the affair. Her sobbing appeared to annoy the brutal fellow, and he threatened to "lick" her if she did not keep quiet. The police silenced his tongue, and he was taken to a cell.

MR. BLAINE WILL LEAVE TOWN TO-DAY.

TO SEEK REST AND RECREATION AT BAR HARBOR-NO ANXIETY ABOUT HIS HEALTH. Secretary Blaine, accompanied by Mrs. Blaine, will leave New-York to-day for Bar Harber, Me., where they intend to spend the entire summer. Mr. Blaine was visited yesterday by Secretary Proctor. Dr. Dennis called to bid his patient good-by, this being the first visit he had paid within four days. Emmons Blaine also spent much of the day with his parents. The Secretary drove in Central Park during the aftermoon with members of his family, and returned to the home of his daughter, Mrs. Damrosch, without any His appetite is excellent, and it is sense of fatigue. expected that his strength will be quickly recovered when he reaches the quiet of the seashore. Since he came to New-York he has performed such duties per-taining to the State Department as required his personal attention, conferring, as occasion demanded, with officials of the Department who have visited him here on matters connected with routine affairs. The greater questions which have occupied so much of his time since he entered the office are all in such shape that they are wholly unaffected by his absence fro

There is no feeling of concern at all on the part those who are close to the Secretary, respecting his present indisposition. It is well known to these that Mr. Blaine is a prodigious worker. When he enters upon a task he does so with all his tremendous energy. This tendency to strained intellectual activity has at times neutralized the effect of his otherwise rigid observance of the rules of health. The temporary allments which have come upon him during his vistt to New-York are, it is said, directly traceable to the prematurely putting aside by him of the thicker underclothing worn during the winter, supplemented by the phenomenally cold weather which has characterize the month of May. The extreme care that he has reocived during his illness has been precautionary rathe than absolutely essential. The services of a trained nurse have relieved Mrs. Blaine from any unusal phys ical taxation, while they have at the same time con ributed to the comfort and convenience of Mr. Blaine. Wille ostensibly the Secretary will rest when h reaches the Maine coast, it is not anticipated that it will differ in character from that in which he has in the past found the greatest sources of pleasure. It was said of him yesterday that while his active mind may not seek relaxation in translation of Homer and the like, after the manner of Mr. Gladstone, intellectual labor, nevertheless, affords him his chief enjoyment as

well as recreation.

Efforts were made yesterday on behalf of the pres Enorts were made yesterday on behalf of the present of secure from the Secretary some expression of opinion regarding the bill introduced on Saturday in the British House of Commons respecting the Behring Sea seal fisheries. To these Mr. Blaine responded that it would obviously be improper for him to discuss or criticles in any manner an incident so intimately associated with a question pending in the hands of the President.

THE TRIBUNE FRESH-AIR FUND.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. 70 79

Mass.

Initial contribution from Mrs. F. D. Eaton,
Fsyetteville, N. Y.
St. Agnes Guild. Grace Church, Cortland, N. Y.
G. Sterry, Troy, N. Y.
others' Meeting Thank-Offering Box of St.
Luke's Church, Jamestown, N. Y.
embers of a dancing class, Burlington, Vt., childern from five to ten years old.
Georgia A. Cassidy, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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FOR THE FUNERAL OF DR. BA.

MANY SOCIETIES OF WHICH HE WAS A MEMBER WILL BE REPRESENTED AT THE SERVICES.

The funeral of Dr. Fordyce Barker, the eminen physician, who died at his home, No. 24 East Thirty-eighth-st. Saturday afternoon from a stroke of apoplexy, will be held at St. Thomas's Episcopal Church at 3 o'clock to-morrow afternoon. The Rev. Dr. Brown will conduct the services, assisted by several other well-known clergymen. The fellows of the New York Academy of Medicine will meet at the academy at 2:30 o'clock to morrow afternoon and go to the church where they will occupy pows reserved for them. Dele gates from the following societies, of which Dr. Barker was a member, are also expected to be present: the New-York County Medical Society, the New-York Obstetrical Society, the New-York Pathological Society the New-York Medical and Surgical Society, and the Medical Society of the State of New-York.

The body will be taken to Norwich, Conn., for buria Wednesday morning. Dr. Barker began to practise his profession in that town. Telegrams of condolene and sympathy were received by his family yesterda from Samuel Bowles, Springfield, Mass.; David A Wells, Norwich, Cenn., and George F. Tyler, Phila-delphia. The other arrangements for the funeral have not been completed.

HERBERT SPENCER AND HERETICS.

IN A LETTER HE SAYS FALSE CHARGES AR MADE AGAINST HIM.

Professor John Fiske delivered the last lecture of the eason before the Brooklyn Ethical Association last evening, at the Second Unitarian Church, on the subject "The Doctrine of Evolution; Its Scope and Influence." After the lecture, T. B. Wakeman repeated his dictum, made some time ago, that there was room in the universe for neither "God, Spook nor Devil." president read the following letter from Herbert

Spencer: London, N. W., May 4, 1891. Dear Dr. Janes: In old times persecuting priesthoods were content if a so-called heretic would recant and say he agreed with them. Whether he did at heart accept their belief was a matter of indifference so long as he outwardly conformed and professed the belief. These taction have in our days been inverted. Defenders of the estab-lished creed, no longer able now to produce apparent agreement by force, exaggerate as much as they can the agreement by force, exaggerate as much as they can the disagreement, so as to make their antagonists hateful. Persistently ascribing to them views they do not hold, they thus furnish themselves with weapons of offence; and they find the weapons so convenient and effective that no proof that they are false weapons will make them desist from using them.

I have had to rebut the charge of materialism tim I have had to rebut the charge of materialism times too numerous to remember, and I have now given the matter up. It is impossible to give more emphatic denial or assign more conclusive proof than I have repeatedly done, as you know. My antagonists must continue to vilify me as they please; I cannot prevent them. Practically they say, "It is convenient to us to call you a materialist, and you shall be a materialist whether you like it or not In my earlier days I constantly made the foolish sup-position that conclusive proofs would change beliefs. But experience has long since dissipated my faith in men's rationality. Sincerely yours, HERBERT SPENCER.

You will find it worth your while to examine the short, pithy advertisements on the ninth page this

JACK THE PEEPER' CAPTURED.

"Jack the Peeper" reappeared last week, and since then, dwellers in Forty-second-sta, between seventh and Ninth aves. have been in a state of nervousness. Policemen in citizens' clothes were specially detailed in West Forty-second-st. to arrest the "peeper," but it was not until late on Saturday night that he was caught. About 8 o'clock that evening, Miss Sarah F Richards and a female friend were sitting in the front basement of No. 351 West Forty-second-st., when they heard a noise in the areaway, and on looking toward the window, saw a man peering through it at them. The young women screamed and the man fied. Police man Burns, who was detailed to that street to catch the peeper, was told that the man was around. About 11:30 o'clock the peeper again visited the basement of Miss Richards's house, and was arrested by the officer while he was looking through the window. The peoper was taken to the Thirty-seventh-st. police where he gave his name as Henry Schwarbash, of No. 434 West Forty-second-st. Miss Richards appeared

against him when he was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday, and identified him as the man she saw peeping through her window. Justice McMahon sent him to the Island for a month.

THE MAPLE SUGAR BOUNTY.

NEW-ENGLAND FARMERS.

DANGER OF ITS LOSS TO NEW-YORK AND

THEY ARE NOT COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIRE MENT TO SECURE LICENSES. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, May 30 There is a grave possibility that one of the most helpful of the provisions of the Tariff act of the last Congress will prove a dead letter to many of the farmers of New-York and New-England. unless they take immediate action to avail themselve of its benefits. The Tariff act provides for the paycents a pound for sugar produced from maple sap. As the State of New-York raises more maple sugar than any other State in the Union, it was naturally expected that the payment of a bounty would prove a benefit to the sapgrowers and stimulate the production of sugar. The bill provided, however, that prospective sugar producers must first secure a license to raise sugar from the Internal Revenue Bureau, although no charge is imposed for the license.

Officers of the Internal Revenue Bureau that no one application for a license has yet been re-ceived from New-York. They say further that unless the applications are received before the first day of next July no bounty will be paid for the sugar that is produced next season. It is trought, of course, that this non-action is the result of a lack of understanding of the new law, and the Internal Revenue officials are anxious to have the farmers informed upon this point. There will undoubtedly be a large amount of sugar produced upon which the farmers are expecting trealize bounty, and they will be disappointed to fin that their neglect to obtain the license has cut them off from the privileges of the new act. The payment of a bounty on sugar is authorized by Section 231 of the Tariff act of last October, which reads as follows:

Tariff act of last October, which reads as follows:

That on and after July 1, 1891, and until July 1, 1905, there shall be paid from any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, under the provisions of Section 3,889 of the Revised Statutes, to the producer of sugar testing not less than 90 degrees by the polariscope, from beets, sorghum or sugar-cane grown within the United States, or from maple sap produced within the United States, a bounty of two cents per pound, and upon such sugar testing less than 90 degrees by the polariscope, and not less than 80 degrees, a bounty of 1% cents per pound, under such rules and regulations as the Co Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe.

Additional sections of the same law provide regulations for the issue of licenses, the inspection of sugar and penalties for licenses of the law, as

follows:

Section 232. The producer of said sugar, to be entitled to said bounty, shell have first filed prior to the first of each year with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, a notice of the place of production, with a general description of the machinery and method to be employed by him. of the machinery and method to be employed by him, with an estimate of the amount of sugar proposed to be produced in the current or next ensuing year, including the number of maple trees to be tapped, and an application for a license to so produce, to be accompanied by a bond in a penalty, and with sureties to be approved by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, conditioned that he shall faithfully observe all rules and regulations that shall receive the formula terms of sugar. be prescribed for such manufacture and production of sugar.

Sec. 233. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, upon
receiving the application and bond hereint fore provided
for, shall issue to the applicant a license to produce sugar from sorghum, beets or sugar cane grown within the United States, or from maple sap produced within the United States at the place and with the machinery and by the methods described in the application; but said licen shall not extend beyond one year from the date thereof.

shall not extend beyond one year from the data thereof.
Sec. 234. No bounty shall be paid to any person engaged in refining sugars which have been imported into
the United States, or produced in the United States, upon
which the bounty hereinbefore provided for has already
been paid or applied for, nor to any person unless he
shall have first been licensed as herein provided, and
only upon sugar produced by such person from sorghum,
beets or sugar cane grown within the United States, or beets or sugar cane grown within the United States, or from maple sap produced within the United States. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall from time to time make all needful regulations for the manufacture of sugar from sorghum, beets or sugar cane grown within the United States, or from maple sap produced within the United States, and shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, exercise supervision and inspection of the

Sec. 235. And for the payment of these bountles the Scoretary of the Treasury is directed to draw warrants on the Treasurer of the United States for such sums as shall be necessary, which sums shall be certified to him by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, by whom the bounties shall be dispursed, and no bounty shall be allowed waited at the New-York end, and about or paid to any person licensed as aforessid in any one year or paid to any person licensed as aforessid in any one year forty at the Brooklyn end. The first upon any quantity of sugar less than 500 pounds.'

Applications for licenses may be made to the Colface, who made better time than the "little swayback,"

lectors of Internal Revenue in the various Internal but a very breathless and noisy boy disputed the honor

Revenue districts. CLOSING DAYS AT WEST POINT.

THE GRADUATING CLASS TO ENTER ON ITS FINAL EXAMINATION TO-DAY-SECRE-TARY PROCTOR AT THE POST.

West Point, May 31 (Special).-Sixty-five young nen, who for four years have rigidly adhered to the 1,030 rules prescribed for the government of military cadets, will to-morrow enter on the final examina-tion which is to determine their fitness to officer enlisted troops. At the same time the other 210 stu dents in the Military Academy will be officially scruti-The graduating class will be tested orally or by written examination in engineering, law, Spanish, ordnance and gunnery, its proficiency in the other branches of in struction, such as French, mathematics, chemistry and philosophy having already been ascertained. examinations will begin in the library building exactly at helf-past 9, and will continue daily until half-past 4. The "Academic Board" of staff professors consti tutes the two examining committees, over which the superintendent, Colonel John M. Wilson, of the Engi-

neer Corps, will preside. The entire graduating class is expected to pass, and in accordance with the Government provisions, more beneficent here than at Annapolis, the successful cadets for whom as regular vacancies exist will be attached to different regiments as "additional second lieutenants." The Academy officers, all-powerful at the post, exert also a strong influence on the future of their disciples, the head men on a graduating list being recommended for "any branch of the service," those next them for "any branch except engineering," and the others for the Ordnance Department, artillery, cavalry or infantry, according to fitness. The examinations will probably last until June 9, the diplomas being distributed and the graduates harangued by a member of the Board of Visitors on June 12. morrow there will be a review, and on the following days the exercises will be diversified by skirmist drills, heavy artillery drills with seacoast guns and siege mortan, battery drills with field artillery, milltary gymnastics, cavalry evolutions, pontoon bridge building, fiell signalling, and sword and bayonet exhibitions. On June 15 the undergraduates will go into their annual summer camp, suspending literary studies for practice in actual soldiership.

Sunday is always a quiet day at the Academy. President Harrison ordered some time ago that all Sunday labor be stopped, and the students' work is onfined to an evening dress parade. They atte church in the morning, and the superintendent inspects the hospital and mess-hall. Just now this region leafy paradise. The uphill road from Highland Falls has been crowded all day with pleasure-seekers in summer dresses, and the grassy spaces outside the gates have been invaded by impromptu picnic parties. The armed sentries around the barrack-buildings have been busy repelling intrusive extors not content with the privilege of roaming among the mooth, treeshaded lawns. The headquarters building is closed the excursion boats make no effort to land, and the indefatigable superintendent spends his time explaining the regulations to interested callers. The hotel at Cranston's is beginning to fill, and at the West Point Hotel, on the reservation, lone men are accommodated with the understanding that they shall take to cots as soon as the sisters and the mothers and the aunts of the lucky sixty-five swoop down in

Secretary Proctor arrived here unexpectedly this afternoon on his way to Vermont. He will return here on June 12 to be present at the final graduating

exercises.

Of the Board of Visitors, Congressman Joseph A. Scranton, of Pennsylvaria, and Major John M. Carson, the veteran Washingto: correspondent, have arrived. Major Carson's son, Join M. Carson, Ir., is the present post adjutant. President Harrison has been compelled to decline Coloned Wilson's invitation to visit the Academy, but Vice-President Morion expects to arrive in a few days with his daughters. The other members of the Board & Victors, besides those already named, are the Rev. Frank A. O'Phrien, a Roman Catholic clergyman from Kalamazoo, Colonel J. T. Murfee, of A. bama; Judge James A. Waymire, of San-Francisco: Javid W. Payne, of Elmirs; General Theodore S. Peck, the Adutant-General of Vermont; Robert O. Fuller, of Cambridge, Mass.; Congressman Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan; Samuel W. T. Lanham, of Texas, and Senators Manderson, of Nebraska, and Pugh, of Alabama. To-morrow alternoon Colonel and Mrs. Wilson will hold a reception in honor of the Board of Visitors. Of the Board of Visitors, Congressman Joseph A.

POLITICAL ODDS AND ENDS.

Two members of the State Senate will sail for Europe to-morrow, Mr. Hendricks, of Syracuse, and Mr. Chase, of Albany. Mr. Hendricks expects to be absent about two months. A party of his friends will be at the steamer, which sails at 1 p. m., to see that he begins his trip under favorable anspices. Chase is an unregenerated Democrat, but Mr. Hen-dricks hopes to convert him before he returns.

Friends of ex-President Hayes, whose memory, it i said, has become impaired by an attack of the grip think that the affliction will be only temporary. They base their belief on the opinion of physicians who have had extended experience in treating the malady. So far as known, Senator Sloan is doing no

whatever to draw attention to his claims and qualifications for Governor, yet the feeling in favor of his growing. Mr. Slean's strength with farmers is un deniable, and he is sufficiently well known in this city to make an acceptable candidate to the Republicans of New-York and Kings counties. Unless he withdraws from the field the Oswego Senator will go into the convention backed by a large contingent of active party workers.

State Senator Ahearn, of the VIth District, who so the anxious seat. The Wigwam leaders promised him a renomination in return for his "conversion," and services at Albany. He confidently expected that this promise would be made good. But recently "Paddy' Roche has evinced a decided inclination to take Ahearn's place in the Senate, and, as Roche swears that Commissioner Gilroy is with him, Ahearn feels uneasy. He insists, however, that Croker will stand by him. But he also remembers that others have leaned on the Wigwam brave to their sorrow.

Among the Umbria's passengers on Saturday were William Perkins and Samuel Rollins, of Massilon, Ohio, two of Major McKinley's warmest supporters. expressed themselves as being just as confident of the Major's election as they are that he will be nom inated.

Silas W. Burt. Naval Officer at this port during Mr. Cleveland's Administration, is just as faithful as ever to the cause of Civil Service Reform. At the last annual meeting of the Reform Association he was chosen a member of the executive committee, along with Theodore Roosevelt, Everett P. Wheeler, George Harris Putnam and other bright and shining lights in the realm of progressive politics.

Bernard Rigiin has purchased an attractive country place at Bayport, and expects to go there for the sun mer in a few days. The report that he intends to run for Congress down there, Mr. Biglin says is wicked invention of the enemy. His home has is and always will be, he declares, in General Arthur's old district, the turbulent XVIIIth.

The J. W. Terry Republican Association of the XXIId Assembly District is a recently formed organization of active Republican workers. It was ganized in April with only seven members, and now has a membership of nearly 175. The president of the association is R. S. Brownell. Meetings are held twice each month, on the first and third Tuesdays, at No. 196 East Seventy-sixth-st. A labor bureau has been established in connection with the organize tion. Steps are being taken to organize the Republicans, a considerable number of whom live in the northern portion of the district. The organization takes its name from John W. Terry, an energetic young Republican, who believes that the district can be redeemed from Democratic rule. Ex-Senator Platt has just been elected president of

the committee in charge of the Fourth of July celebra-tion at Owego, at which the new soldiers' monument A feeling of confidence is manifested by the friends

of Stephen B. French, in the Vth Assembly District, regarding the result of the coming primary there. "We'll win, four to one," said one of Mr. French's most active Hentenants last night.

The action of the XXIIId District Republican Association in deciding to form branch clubs in every election district is a step in the direction of complete party organization, and is heartily commended by the leaders throughout the city and State.

NOW TAKE A WALK ON THE BRIDGE.

IT WILL NOT COST ANYTHING AND IT WILL BE JUST AS GOOD AS EVER.

penny-toll system on the New-York and Brook lyn Bridge died an easy death at midnight, and a select collection of the different varieties of the genus "crank" took part in the funeral ceremonies. There were There were who got through first without paying, those who got across first, and the disgruntled "cranks" who waited at the New-York end, and about forty at the Brooklyn end. The first through was a large man with a red with him at the expense of all the buttons on his coat. A small sign with the word "Free" was displayed at the New-York approach exactly at midnight, while the Brooklyn approach was opened three minutes later. This gave Henry R. Van Keuren, the general ticket agent of the Bridge, who received the first penny overpaid, the record of receiving the last penny paid C. F. Moulton received the last tribute of copper at the New-York end. James Brady, a roundsman, hung out the sign, and Officials Farrell, Lidgate, Moran and Harkins officiated as timekeepers and referees in the elight trouble which followed.

A wild-looking young man with his hair streaming in the breeze, had the doubfful honor of being the first man across from the Brooklyn side and pitcously appealed to the reporters to enroll his name and send it ringing down the ages.

None of the six ticket-takers will be discharged, as they have all been provided with work in other Bridge departments. Almost 8,000 people went through the New-York approach during the day, and many bought tickets for mementoes. Mr. Van Keuren told a Trib one reporter that almost a million tickets were still atstanding.

Those who scrambled for first place at the New-York had a substantial award in view besides mere hol-

end had a substantial award in view besides mere hol-low glory, as they had heard that a gold watch awtted the first man who reched the Brooklyn end, but if the watch was there, it was very hard to find, and at 1 o'clock the disappointed would-be winner was still hunting after it.

TO BOB A MINISTER AND AN ARTIST. The Rev. William W. McGaw appeared at the Tomb Police Court yesterday, as complainant against Joseph Brady, twenty-four years old, of No. 185 Bowery whom he charged with burglary. The minister's house, at No. 465 Fearl-st., was entered on Satur day, and he lost wearing apparel to the value of \$85 Brady was seen to leave the house with a bundle under his arm, and was arrested. The prisoner pleaded not guilty, and was held in \$1,000 ball for trial

Joseph Fisher, thirty-six years old, of No. 1.237 First-ave., forced an entrance to the studio of Umberto Cain, No. 394 Fifth-ave., on Saturday. He was discovered standing in the studio by Mrs. Cain, the artist's wife, who summoned Officer Coen, of the Thirtieth-st police station, and had Fisher arrested. Fisher was remanded at Jefferson Market Police Court restorday.

THE RECENT RAINS INADEQUATE.

Ithaca, May 31 .- The weekly crop bulletin of the New-York State Weather Bureau says that the rains which fell over the State on May 22 and 26 were generally insufficient to meet the needs of vegets tion; and the growth of crops has also been retarded by continued low temperatures. The most favorable reports received are from the region west of the Gensee Valley, western Oswego County and the St. Lawrence Valley, where the rainfall has been nearly nor mal; and also from the eastern central counties, over which heavy rains fell during the preceding week. In these sections the condition of winter and spring grains, potatoes and garden vegetables has improved. and corn and other late spring seeding has sprouted. Grass is reported to be good in Saratoga. Schenectady and Southern Orange counties; but in the remainder of the State it is now certain that the hay crop will be short. Wheat generally maintains a fair condition.

Georgetown, Col., May 31 .- A terrible accident was reported at an early hour yesterday at the east end of the Atlantic and Pacific tunnel, a property on Kelso Mountain, about eight miles from Silver Plume, by which four men lost their lives. The dead

FOUR MEN KILLED IN A MINE.

men are Harry Taylor, William Coughlin, J. Richardson and John Mulholland. All four men named had beer and John Manifoldane. All lot premature explosion of nearly 100 pounds of dynamite. How the blas was fired and what peculiar circumstances caused the awful fatality will never be known. The accident was about 3,500 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. OUR CONSUL AT ST. GALL.

OUR CONSUL AT ST. GALL.

From The Zurich Zeitung.

As we recently noticed, and as is now confirmed by the action, of the High Council, Mr. S. H. M. Byers has again been appointed a Consul to Switzerland.

Mr. Byers was a Consul of the United States at Zurich for fifteen years and while here won for himself a large circle of freinds. As few foreigners, certainly as few foreigners of the English speaking tongue, he learned our customs, our social and ceanomical concitions, and he described them for journals and masarines in the United States in the most favorable manner. He also wrote a book about the counity, "Switzerland und the Swiss," that was well received because it was

based on a thorough study of Swiss life in all its phases. In 1885 he was promoted to be Consul-General in Rome, where he remained one year, returning then to his home at Oskaloosa, Iowa, where he devoted himself to literary work. Now he returns to the consular service, and has preferred to come to our himself to literary work. Now he returns to consular service, and has preferred to come to Switzerland again where he is to fill the impo-censular post of St. Gall.

OBITUARY.

ADAM W. SPIES.

Adam W. Spies, a retired hardware merchant, ninet years old, died at his home, No. 50 East Twenty-first st., yesterday. His death was due to the feebleness neident to his advanced age. He had been in good health until about a year ago. Mr. Spies was a widower and left one daughter. The funeral service will be held at his home to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. Dr. Chambers, of the Collegiate Church, will officiate. The burial will be at Green

Mr. Spies was of Dutch descent. He was in the Second Weat on September 4, 1800. At the age of fifteen he began to work for the hardware firm of C. & I. D. Wolfe, in Maiden Lane. In 1828 he vas sent to England as purchasing agent for the firm in Birmingham and Sheffield, and continued to act in that capacity until 1830, when he returned to this country. Two years later he married Miss Sarah A. Morrison, of this city. He then became one of the firm of Wolfe, Spies & Clark in Maiden Lane. years later he established himself in the hardware ousiness in Pearl-st., where he continued until 1850 when he retired from active business. He was one of the oldest living mmbers of Engine Company No. 5 of the old Fire Department, having joined this organiza tion in 1818. He was at one time a director of the Stuyvesant Fire Insurance Company, and was one of the founders of the Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor. He was at one time a manager of the De Milt Dispensary.

DAVID BROOKS. Philadelphia, May 31.—David Brooks, the electrician died at his home in this city, yesterday afternoon.

David Brooks was directly descended from Henry Brooks, who fought under Oliver Cromwell, in England. Upon the Restoration, Henry Brooks emigrated with his family, in 1640, from Cheshire, England, to New-Haven, Conn. Shortly afterward he settled at Cheshire, Conn., the town being so named by his children. Since that time a direct line of the family has continued to live there, and in Brooksvale, the portion of the town which bears the family name. David Brooks was born, on January 26, 1820. He left college at the age of twenty years, and took a place as instructor in mathematics in the United States Navy. At this time Professor Morse and his associates were engaged in their first experiments with the electric telegraph. Mr. Brooks left the Navy in 1845, to devote himself to the development of this great invention. During that year he put in operation, in connection with James D. Reid, the first telegraph line built in America, after Professor Morse's experimental line between Baltimore and Washington. This ran from Lancaster to Harrisburg, Penn., and Mr. Brooks received the first message sent over it. In the fol lowing year he built the line across the Alleghanies connecting Philadelphia and Pittsburg. In 1847 he constructed the first "repeaters," and their first use was over this line, in transmitting Henry Clay's great speech on the Mexican War, delivered at Lexington, Ky. It was carried by relays of horses to Cincin nati, and thence telegraphed to New-York. brought David Brooks's name prominently before the public. In 1850 he was appointed by the United Morse and Bains systems of telegraphy, and his report was cited constantly in the ensinug litigation. 1851 he went to Mexico and built the first lines there between Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico. This was done in six months, the party living in tents and travhis return in 1859, he was employed by the Pennsyl vania Railroad Company to construct and operate its lines from Pittsburg. While thus employed he gave Andrew Carnegic his first start in life, employing him as messenger in his office, at \$250 a week.

From 1854 to 1867, David Brooks was in the service of the old Atlantic and Ohio and the Vestern Union telegraph companies. In the latter year he resigned, and had since devoted himself to his many inventions and improvements for telegraph and telephone service. In 1873 he was appointed by General Grant United States Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition. Mr. Brooks's inventions have been of great importance in the development of telegraphy. Chief among them are his insulators, insulation of inductive coils and trapsformers, discovery of the insulating properties of mineral oils, paraffine, resin oil and general liquid insulation, and the invention and development of underground conductors. His underground system is in successful operation both in this country yand Europe, where he has been widely known for many years for his eminent services to electrical science. He leaves a wife and five children. vania Railroad Company to construct and operate its

CHIEF ENGINEER J. F. BINGHAM.

San Francisco, May 31.-The steamship Oceanic, from Hong Kong, brings news of the death of Chief Engineer J. F. Bingham, of the United States steamer Alliance. It occurred at the Un Yokohama, on May 11. The body was buried at Urakame, Japan.

DR. JOSEPH H. STREETER. Boston, May 31 .- Dr. Joseph H. Streeter, who died

to-day at the age of seventy-one years, was one of the most respected citizens of the Roxbury district, where he had been in active practice as a physician for more than forty-five years. He was born in Wood stock, Vt., and was the youngest son of the Rev. Russell Strecter, the great expounder of the Universalist faith.

M. DUBLAN.

City of Mexico, May 31, via Galveston.—Finance Minister M. Dublan died at 12 o'clock last night at Tacubaya. Assistant Secretary Gamboa will remain at the head of the Department of Finance for the present

CARDINAL ALIMONDA.

Rome, May 31.-Cardinal Alimonda, Archbishop of furin, is dead. He was born in 1818, and was created Cardinal in 1879.

COLONEL W. G. RANKIN. Colonel W. G. Rankin died on Saturday at No. Thirty-eighth-st. from lung troubles. He was born in Mercer, Penn., in 1822, and served through the Mexican Mercer, Penn., in 1822, and served through the Mexican War. At the outbreak of the Rebellion he was appointed from Washington Territory as captain of the 13th Infantry on May 14, 1861, and transferred to the 31st Infantry on September 21, 1860. He was left unassigned at the reorganization of the United States Army, but on July 14, 1869, was assigned again to the 13th Infantry. After his discharge, which was granted December 31, 1870, he received the rank of brevet major and brevet lieutenant-colonel for faithful service during the war. He then second account of the service was the service of the second account of the service was the service of the service was the service of the service was the colonel for rathful service during the variety clerk in the Custom House, and afterward became custodian of the Barge Offics, which place he lest under the Democratic Administration. Under the present Administration he was reappointed clerk in the liquidating department of the Custom House,

clers in the industrial his death. His wife died some months ago, and he leaves no children. The funeral ser-vices will be held to-day at 5:30 p. m. at his home. The oody will be taken to Mercer, Penn., and buried in the family plot to morrow.

EDWARD PAYSON BEACH.
Edward Payson Beach, well known in railway circles in
this city as the agent of the Grand Trunk Railway of
Canada, died at his home, No. 56 East Fifty-seventh-st,
on Saturday evening. His last illness was long and pain-Mr. Beach was born about sixty-four years ago at ful. Mr. Beach was born about sixty-four years ago at Newark, N. J., where his father was an officer of the Newark Bank. His mother was a daughter of the late Rev. Dr. James Richards, of Adburn Theological Seminary. One of his sisters was the wife of the late Richard M. Jesup, brother of Morris K. Jesup. Mr. Beach leaves a widow, who was Miss Keep, of Chicago, and one son by a former marriage, Frederick O. Besch.

People out of work, and those in search of herpers should consult the many columns of little advertise ments on the ninth page of The Tribune this morning.

THAT ALGERIAN LOCUST STORY.

Paris letter to The London Telegraph. I described yesterday as an extraordinary story the ecount of the alleged death of M. Kunckel d'Herculais I described state of the alleged death of M. Kunckel d'Herculais, telegraphed from Algeria to Paris, and it now turns out that the correspondent of the "Peti Journal" who forwarded the tale of the "savant suffocated by locusts" had taken seriously a humorous article published in an Algers paper. The Museum official never met with the slightest misadventure, and is safe and well in the land of the living. The story, however, was believed here, and leading journals came out with full "obttoary notices," expressing deep regret at the fate which was supposed to have befallen M. Kanchel d'Herculais. All the same, the circumstances under which he was described as having met with his death were so peculiar as to justify some doubt as to the authenticity of the narrative, which is now shown to have no foundation in real fact.

Keep up that rasping cough, at the peril of breaking down your lungs and throat, rather let the afflicted immediately resort at once to Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, which cures all coughs and colds, and ameliorates all lung complications and throat-ails. . .

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef, Flavor your soups and gravies with Liebig.

DIED. BARLOW-May 20. Jeanette Crowther, widow of the late Arthur Craven Barlow.
Funeral services at her late residence, 322 West 55th-st., on Tuesday morning, June 2, at 9:30.
Interment at convenience of family. DIED.

DIED.

BARKER—Entered into rest on Saturday, May 30, at his rosidence, 24 East 38th-st., Fordyce Barker, M. D., Ll. D., aged 73.

Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th-ave. and 53d-st., Tuesday, June 2, at 3 p. m.

Interment at Norwich, Conn.

It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

Barker.—The Fellows of the New-York Academy of Modicine are requested to meet at the Academy, 17 West 43d-st., Tuesday, June 2, at 2:30 p. m., to attend, in a body, the funeral services of our late president, Doctor Fordyce Barker, at 8 p. m., at 8t. Thomas's Church.

ALFRED L. LOOMIS, M. D., president.

ARTHUR M. JACOBUS, M. D., secretary.

The Medical Society of the County of New-York.—

The Medical Society of the County of New-York—Members of this society, and of the Medical Society of the State of New-York, are requested to assemble at \$6. Thomas's Church, on 5th-ave., Tuesday, June 2, 1891, at 2:30 p. m., to attend the funeral of their late associate, Fordyce Barker, M. D. ORLANDO B. DOUGLAS, M. D., President. CHARLES H. AVERY, M. D., Secretary.

BEAUH-On Saturday, May 80, at his residence, 56 East 57th-st., Edward Payson, in the 64th year of his age BROOKS-In Philadelphis, on Saturday, May 30, of pneumonia, David Brooks, in his 72d year.

Funersi services at the residence of his son-in-law, Edward Troth, East Washington Lane, Germantown, Tuesday, June 2, at 3 o'clock.

CLARK-On Sunday, May 31, Adelia Augusta, wife of Gen. Emmons Clark. Notice of funeral hereafter. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GERARD—On Sunday, May 31, Helen Louise, daughter of G. H. and E. A. Gerard, aged 15 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral service at the home of her pachata, 122 Milton-st., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, June 2, at 6:30 a.m.

Interment at Woodlawn.

Kindiy omit flowers.

Long Island papers please copy.

Long Island papers please copy.

HOUSTON—At Jersey City, on Saturday, May 30, 1891,
of pneumonia, Isaac Houston, in the 73d year of his age.
Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully
invited to attend the funeral services on Monday
evening, June 1, at 8 o'clock, from his late residence,
348 Varick-st., Jersey City.
Interment at convenience of family.

AUTURINSON-On the 29th inst Alice, wife of Sar Hutchipson Hutchinson.
The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of the Twenty-fourth Street Methodist Episcopal Church, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Monday, at 10 o'clock a. m., at her late residence, No. 321 West

23d-st. Interment at Greenwood. JOHNSTON—Suddenly, May 31, 1891, in Elizabeth, N. J., Joshua M. Johnston, of New-York City, and a resident of New-Orleans, La., for the past fifty years. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, W. H. Wilcox, 1,165 Chestnut-st., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday, June 2, at 2

p. m.
JONES-At her residence. No. 1 East 57th-st., in her 90th
year, Mary Mason, widow of Isaac Jones and eldest
daughter of the late John Mason.
Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend
the funeral at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th-st., on
Monday, June 1, at 10 o'clock.
Interment in family vault, Sleepy Hollow Cemetery, Tarrytown.

town.

JOY-At his residence in Stockbridge, Mass., Tuesday
morning, May 24, 1891, Charles A. Joy, late professor
in Columbia College.

Boston and New-Haven papers please copy.

KERRIGAN-On Sunday, May 31, at the residence of his
son-in-law, John F. Dingee, Green Farms, Conn., Maurice S. Kerrigan, son of the late James Kerrigan.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

LEONARD-On May 30, at his residence in Mt. Kisco, William H. Leonard, late Justice of the Supreme Court, ed 79 years. eral at 10 o'clock Tuesday, June 2. pecial car will be attached to the 8:30 train, Harlem R. R. LYON-At Tarrytown, Saturday, May 30, 1891, Mattie E. Lyon, daughter of the late Charles H. and Ellisabeth G. Lyon.
Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of Mrs. Ellisabeth Riakeman (Broadway, Tarrytown), on Tuesday, June 2, at 3

o'clock p. m.

PARK—At East Orange, N. J., on Saturday, May 30, 1891, after a brief iliness, Myra Wilson, beloved wife of George F. Park.

Funeral services at her late residence, 94 Washington-st., on Tuesday, June 2, on arrival of the 1:30 p. m. train from foot Barclay and Christopher sta.

Carriages in waiting at Brick Church station.

Chicago napers please copy.

RANKIN—On Saturday, May 30, Colonel W. G. Rankin, late of the U. S. Arny, in his 69th year.

Funeral services at 60 West 38th-st., on Monday at 5:30 p. m.

p. m. Interment at Mercer, Penn.

SPIES-On May 31, at his residence, 50 East 21st-st, Adam W. Spies, in the 91st year of his age. Funeral services from his late residence, Tuesday morning, June 2, at 10 o'clock. June 2, at 10 o'clock.

WALKER-In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Msy 20, 1891, Saidle Dana, wife of Walter N. Walker.
Funeral from St. Mark's Church, Adelphi-st., near DeKalbave., on Monday, June 1, st 3 p. m.

Kindly omit flowers.

WELCH-On Saturday, May 30, Emmeline, widow of Thomas Welch, aged 78 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Morris Welckett, 497 Willoughby-wae, Brooklyn, on Mondag evening, June 1, at 8 o'clock.

YALE—At Tarrytown, May 20, 1891, Katherine A. Yale, wife of Lucius T. Yale and daughter of the late Edward Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Monday, June 1, from her late residence, as 8 o'clock p. m.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY.
Woodlawn Station (34th Ward), Harlem Ratiroad
Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st.

Special Notices.

739 AND 741 BROADWAY, MONDAY, JUNE 1, AT 3 P. M., BOOKS, BIOGRAPHY, TRAVELS, PERIODICALS, etc.

A collection of EOOKS, including many mecommon and interesting ticles in Americana, Biography, Fiction, Shakesperjana, Drama, etc.

Drama, etc.
WEDNESDAY, AT 3 P. M.
A LIBRARY OF GENERAL LITERATURE, Biography, Poetry, Drama, Fiction, History, Greek and Latin Chasses, etc., and many Illustrated Works. and many flustrated works.

dow's Columbiad, with Autograph Letter Inser
Chamberlain's Royal Collection of Drawings; Con-

tannica, 25 vols., ninth edition; also Sheet Engravings, Scrap Books, etc., etc.

Cast Off Clothing.

Astonishing prices paid for gentlemen's left-off clothing.

and postal. Cameron, 202 Flatbush-ave., Brooklyn. New-England Monument Company,

Cemetery Memorials in Granite, Bronze and Marble. 1,321 Broadway, opposite Dodge Statue. The corsets from Leoty's (the first makers of Paris) are the most stylish, and have been adopted by all Parisian ladies. However far the country may be, all orders are most consciously executed by Leoty, 8 Place de la Madeleine, Paris. Send him a well-fitting body, or measures taken when dressed, and you will receive quite a perfection, an artistical and coquet marvel of corset, of brocade, eatin, slik gauze, ticken, or of fine and elegant batist.

Postoffice Notice. uld be read daily by all interested, as changes may,

Scamer irom Sydies;

Scatting Sydies;

per s. s. Hispenis, from New-Orleans; at 3 p. m. for Huefields and Greytown, per s. s. W. G. Hewes, from New-Orleans.

Mails for China and Japan, per s. s. Oceanic (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June '7, at 0:30 p. m. Mails for the Hawaiian Islands, per s. s. Australia (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June '10. at 0:30 p. m. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawaiian, Fili, and Samoan Islands, per s. s. Marinosa (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June '20. at 0:30 p. m. (or on arrival at New-York of s. s. Umbria, with Erittish mails for Australia). Mails for the Society Islands, per ship Tropic Hirl (from San Francisco), close here daily up to June '24. at 0:30 p. m. Mails for Newtonndhand, by rail to Halifax, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Mails for Cuba, by rail to Besten, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 2:30 p. m. Mails for Mexico, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by Steamer, close at this office daily at 3 a. m.

Trans-Pacific mails are forwarded to San Francisco daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged in the irranumption of their uninterrupted overland tensit to San Francisco daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged in the irranumption of their uninterrupted overland tensit to San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the sam day. Registered mail closes at the Un. previous day.

CORNELIUS VAN COIT. Postmaster.